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Venice, November 16. *N. S.*

THE Proviſions which had been got together at Flume, and other Ports in the Adriatick Sea, for the Service of the Emperor's Forces, are brought ſafe to the Imperial Magazine at Mezzola, although the French had a Ship of 60 Guns, and ſome other Frigats of leſs Force, cruizing before the Mouth of the Po to prevent it. The Marquis Davia, who was with Major-General Viſconti in the Action at Seravella, is returned to the Imperial Camp by the way of Florence, and by the Account he gives of it, the Loſs which the Germans ſuſtained was inconſiderable. The French and Spaniſh Forces are preparing to go into Winter Quarters: It is ſaid they have cut the Banks of the River Secchia, and overflowed the neighbouring Country, in order to incommode the German Army, which is in motion, with intent to advance towards the Parmeſan, or, as ſome believe, to enter into the Countries of Ferrara and Bologna.

Vienna, December 5. The Count *de Reiſing* went from hence the 21ſt paſt for *Italy* with a conſiderable Sum, part in ready Money, and the reſt in Bills of Exchange, for the Service of the Imperial Army in that Country; and it is hoped they will either ſend more Reinforcements to the Duke of *Savoy*, or make a powerfull Diverſion to the Enemy's Troops in his Favour. Our Letters from thence give an Account of Major-General *Viſconti*'s having joined 5000 of the Duke of *Savoy*'s Forces, commanded by the Marquis *de Parella*, at *Cairo*, a little beyond *Savona*. He took his way along the Sea Coaſt, being the only Paſſage which the *French* had not ſecured, and marched 70 *Italian* Miles in three days time, ſo that he arrived at *Cairo* the 20th. The Enemy had ſent a Body of 3500 Men to intercept him, but his great Diligence prevented them, and they came 3 hours too late. The Count *de Tarini*, Envoy Extraordinary of *Savoy*, is returned home, with Aſſurances from the Emperor to the Duke his Maſter of all the Encouragement and Aſſiſtance that can be afforded him from hence. Letters from *Hungary* ſay, that on the 6th paſt the Count *de Schlick* marched from *Leventz* with his own Regiment of Dragoons, the Regiment of Cuiraſſiers of *La Tour*, 500 Imperial Foot, and 600 Huſſars, towards *Altzell*, one of the four Towns in thoſe Mountains, called the *Bergſtaedt*, where the Emperor's Mines are. The Rebels, upon his Approach, abandoned *Altzell*, the chief of thoſe Towns, and which ſerves to ſecure the reſt, and he took poſſeſſion of it the 10th. The 13th, hearing ſome of the Rebels were got together near *Jetiva*, he marched thither to attack them, but as ſoon as he came in ſight they fled in great Confuſion. The 15th he went with a Guard of 300 Horſe to receive the Homage of the Inhabitants of *Newſoll*; but while he was abſent *Berzeni*, with 18 or 20000 Rebels, ſurrounded the *Germans* in *Altzol*, who fought their way through with great Reſolution, and killed 1200 of the Rebels on the place; however the Count *de Schlick*, finding his Troops too few to oppoſe them in the open Field, has poſted himſelf at *Zeret*, behind the *Waag*, to ſecure that River till ſuch time as he ſhall be joined by Colonel *Virmont*, who is marching with 1800 Men to his Aſſiſtance, and will ſhortly be followed by the *Daniſh* Forces in the Emperor's Service, whereof part are in *Tirol*, and the reſt at *Paſſau*. Our Advices from *Tirol* ſay, that General *Heiſter* being informed, that the Count *d'Arco* was marching with a conſiderable Body of *Bavarian* Forces to the Relief of the Fortreſs of *Kueffſtein*, thought fit to raiſe the Siege of that Place; ſince which the Baron of *Seafeldt*, Governor thereof, being marched out with 700 Men and two Field-Pieces, to drive the Imperialiſts from ſome Poſts which they had fortified near *Kutzbuttel*, he was ſurpriſed in a narrow Paſs by 150 Imperial Dragoons, who killed 200 of his Men on the ſpot, and took as many Priſoners, with his two Pieces of Cannon; The Baron *de Seafeldt* himſelf was wounded, and taken, and ſent with the reſt of the Priſoners to *Rothemberg*. The Gariſon of *Amberg* in the *Upper Palatinate*, conſiſting of 2500 Men, has ſurrendred to General *Herbeville*, and was allowed to march out of the Place the Officers having given their Parole, that the Elector their Maſter will ſet at liberty by way of Exchange, as many of the Imperialiſts that are Priſoners in his Camp.

Bern, December 6. There is Advice from *Piacenza*, That the Marquis *de Parella*, who was advanced with a Body of the Duke of *Savoy*'s Forces towards the Frontiers of the State of *Genoua*, to join with the Detachment of Imperial Forces commanded by Major-General *Viſconti*, met with a *French* Body of 1000 Foot, and as many Horſe, that had been ſent out by the Duke of *Vendoſme* to intercept the *Germans*, and entirely defeated the Enemy, many of whom were killed on the ſpot. The Forces under Major-General *Viſconti* are gone into Quarters of Refreſhment at *Pignerol*. The Marſhal *de Teſſe* continues at *Villanova* with the *French* Forces under his Command, conſiſting of 3000 Men; And the Marquis *de Sale*, who commands the Duke of *Savoy*'s Forces on that ſide, is at *Avguisbelle*, and has ſo well ſecured the Paſſes into the Countries of *Tarenta* and *Morienne*, that the *French* will hardly be able to make any further Impreſſion on that ſide.

Francfort, December 12. The Marſhal *de Tallard* having demoliſhed his Works before *Landau*, and repaired the Fortifications of that Place, has cantoned his Forces there, and in the Neighbourhood, the Head Quarters being at *Langenkandel*, and has made two Detachments, whereof one is marched towards the *Saar*, where it is to go into Winter Quarters, and the other is ſaid to be deſigned for *Dauphine*, to reinforce the Marſhal *de Teſſe*'s Army, which is to act on that ſide againſt the Duke of *Savoy*. The Confederate Forces are marching into the Winter Quarters, which are aſſigned them between the *Rhine*, the *Mein*, the *Neckar*, and the *Danube*, and are ſo diſpoſed, that in two or three days time a ſufficient number of them may be got together to oppoſe any ſudden Attempt of the *French*. Prince *Lewis*, having left the Command of the Imperial Army in *Swabia* to General *Thungen*, is come to *Aſchaffenbourg*; and that Army is alſo gone into Winter Quarters, their head Quarter being at *Conſtance*. The Marſhal *de Villars* has left the *French* Army, and is returned to *France* by the way of *Switzerland*; and the ſaid Army is marched from the Neighbourhood of *Ulm* towards *Augsbourg*, and hath beſieged that Town, and raiſed 5 Batteries againſt it, which began to play the 8th Inſtant. The Forces commanded by the Count *de Stirum* are marching towards the *Upper Palatinate*, where it is ſaid they are to winter, as are alſo thoſe under General *Herbeville*, that Country being wholly reduced under the Emperor's Power.

Hamburgh, December 11. Letters from *Poland* ſay, That the Sieur *Wachtſager*, the King of *Sweden*'s Reſi-